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| Bedding plane | Clearly marked breaks/layers in the rock (originally horizontal but may now be tilted. |
| Calcite | A whitish mineral from which dripstone features are made. |
| Carbonation | The process of dissolving limestone in weakly acidic rain to make calcium hydrogencarbonate. |
| Clint | A natural paving stone on a limestone pavement . |
| Doline | Enlarged joints into which glacial and alluvial deposits have fallen and blocked.. |
| Glaciokarst | Limestone area which has undergone subsequent glaciation . |
|  |  |
| Gryke | These separate clints on a limestone pavement |
| Joint | Vertical weakness in limestone . |
| Pot hole | A joint enlarged by rainwater and/or glacial meltwater. |
| Resurgence | A spring where water re-emerges from underground. |
| Rock pillar | These form where stalactites and stalagmites meet . |
| Scar | Limestone cliff left after glacial erosion |
|  |  |
| Shake hole | Another name for a doline (in Ingleborough) |
| Solution | Occurs when minerals are dissolved in water. |
| Stalactite | Icicle of calcite |
| Stalagmite | Rounded feature of calcite growing upwards from the cave floor |
| Swallow hole | Another name for pot-hole |